



FINCANTIERI

Update post FY 2016 Results

April, 2017

FINCANTIERI
The sea ahead



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Declaration of the Manager responsible for preparing financial reports

Pursuant to art. 154-BIS, par. 2, of the Unified Financial Act of February 24, 1998, the executive in charge of preparing the corporate accounting documents at Fincantieri, Carlo Gainelli, declares that the accounting information contained herein correspond to document results, books and accounting records.



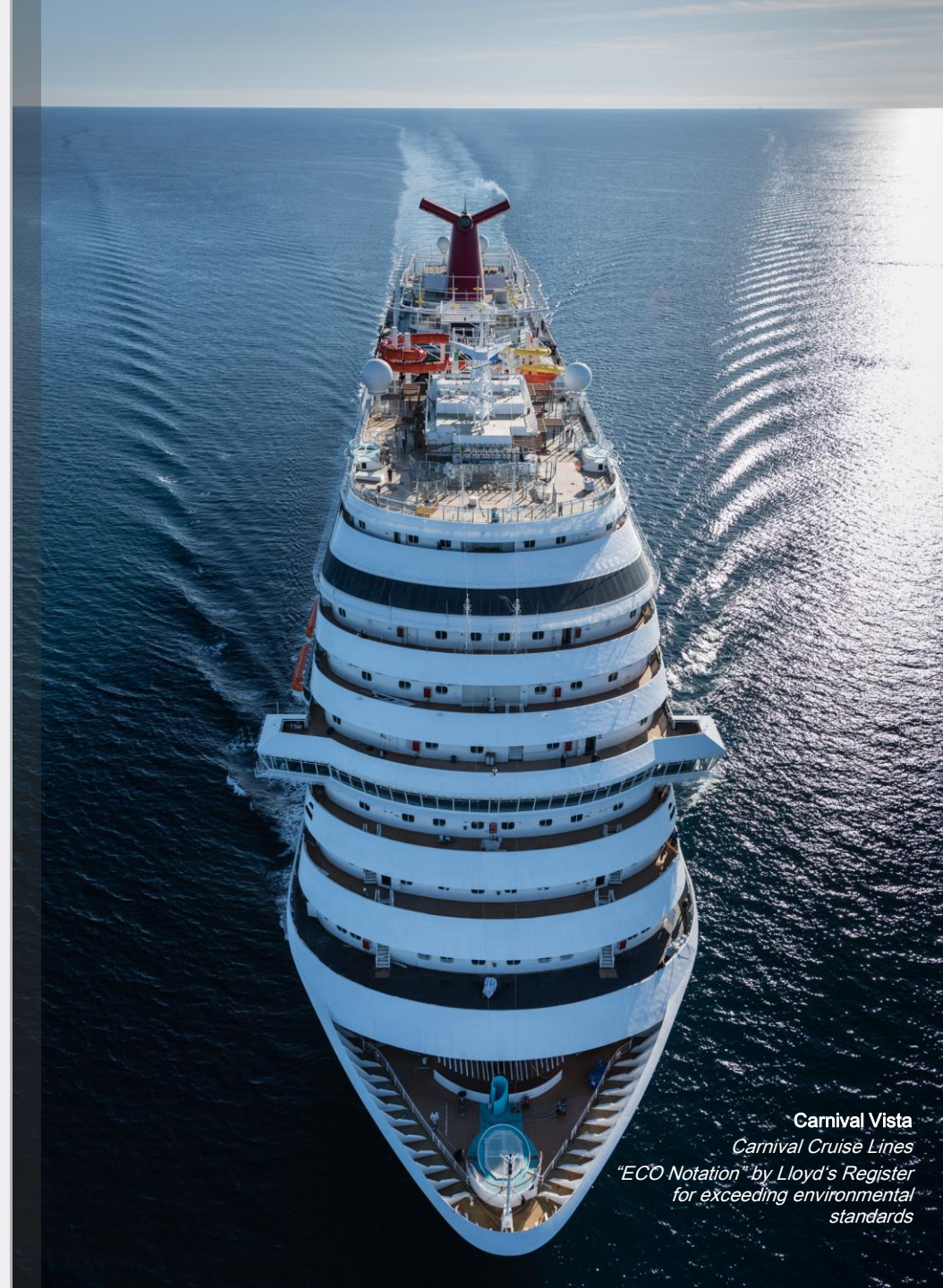
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Q&A



Carnival Vista
Carnival Cruise Lines
"ECO Notation" by Lloyd's Register
for exceeding environmental
standards

Section 1

Introduction



FREMM "Alpino"
Italian Navy
Best in class in terms of endurance

Fincantieri at a glance

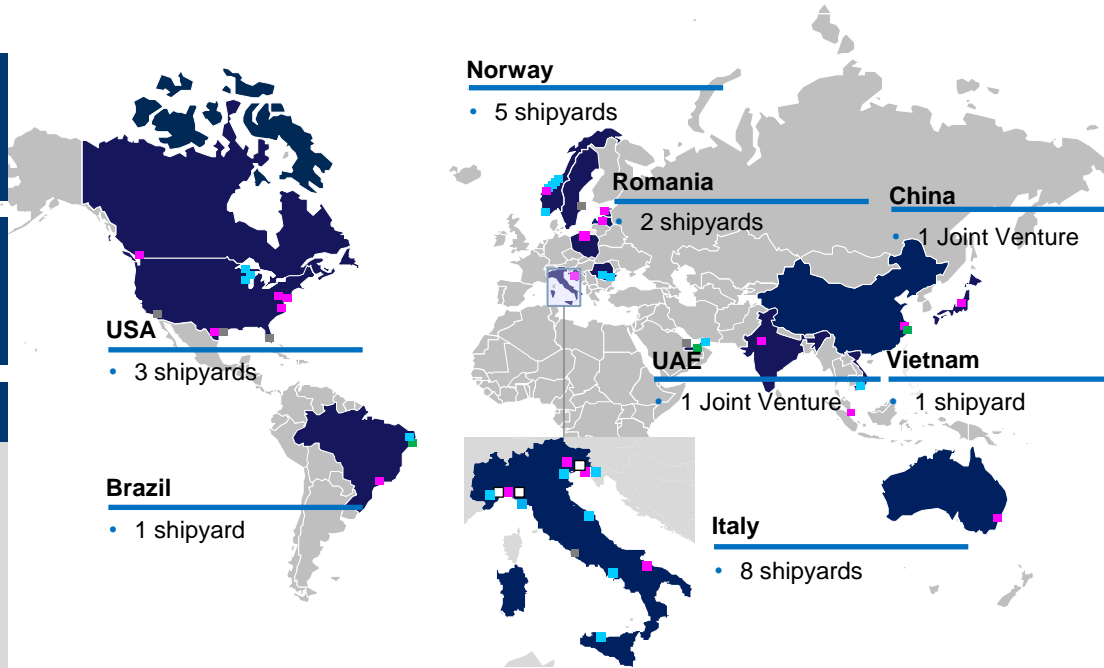
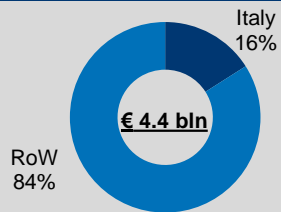
#1 Western designer & shipbuilder⁽¹⁾
with 230 years of history & >7,000 ships built

€ 4,429 mln revenues

~ € 24.0 bln total backlog⁽²⁾

- € 18.2 bln backlog
- € 5.8 bln soft backlog

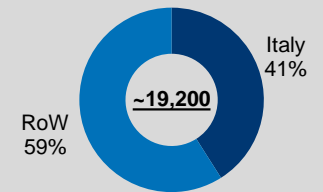
Revenues by geography



20 shipyards
4 continents

~ 19,200 employees
~ 80,000 subcontractors

Employees by location



Note: all figures reported at December 31, 2016





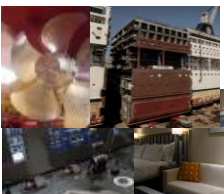
(1) By revenues, excluding naval contractors in the captive military segment. Based on Fincantieri estimates of shipbuilders' revenues in 2015

(2) Sum of backlog and soft backlog; soft backlog represents the value of existing contract options and letters of intent as well as contracts in advanced negotiation, none of which yet reflected in the order backlog

- Corporate/BU headquarters
- Shipyard
- Joint Venture
- Operating subsidiary
- Representative / Sales office

FINCANTIERI
The sea ahead

Business units, products and positioning

	End markets	Main products	Positioning	Revenues 2016 ⁽⁴⁾	Backlog
Shipbuilding	 Cruise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All cruise ships (from contemporary to luxury) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • #1 worldwide (~45% market share⁽¹⁾) 	€ 2,078 mln (44.2% on total)	€ 16,372 mln (58 ships)
	 Naval	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All surface vessels (also stealth) • Support & Special vessels • Submarines 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Leader: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – #1 in Italy⁽²⁾ – Key supplier for US Navy & Coast Guard⁽³⁾ – Key supplier for Qatar Emiri Naval Forces 	€ 1,156 mln (24.6% on total)	
	 Other	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High tech ferries • Large mega-yachts 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Leading player: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – High tech ferries – Large mega-yachts 	€ 12 mln (0.3% on total)	
Offshore		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OSV • Drilling units • Fisheries/aquaculture • Offshore wind • OPV • Expedition cruise • Special vessels 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Leading player in high-end OSVs 	€ 960 mln (20.4% on total)	€ 1,361 mln (41 ships)
Equipment Systems & Services		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Marine systems, components & turnkey solutions • Ship interiors • Naval services • Ship repairs & conversions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Leading player worldwide 	€ 495 mln (10.5% on total)	€ 1,155 mln





(1) By oceangoing cruise ships > 10,000 gross tons ordered in the 2004 – 2016 period. Source: Fincantieri analysis based on IHS Lloyd's Fairplay – Shippax data and Company press releases

(2) For all the large ships and excluding minesweepers and small ships below 45 m in length

(3) For medium size ships, e.g. patrol vessels and corvettes

(4) Breakdown calculated based on revenues gross of consolidation effects

Track record, clients and technological leadership

		1 Track record	2 Clients	3 Technological leadership
Shipbuilding	Cruise	<p>Ship deliveries</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1990 – 2001 23 2002 – 2016 52 <p>• Twofold increase in activity</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Carnival Vista</i>: “ECO Notation” by Lloyd’s Register for exceeding environmental standards <i>Royal Princess</i>: 1st cruise ship fully compliant with new regulations <i>Costa Luminosa & Costa Pacifica</i>: Guinness World Record for joint-christening of 2 ships
	Naval	<p>Ship deliveries</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1990 – 2001 51⁽¹⁾ 2002 – 2016 58⁽¹⁾ <p>• Steady, low risk business</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>LCS Freedom</i>: world’s fastest steel frigate <i>Aircraft Carrier Cavour</i>: world’s most powerful non-nuclear propulsion system More than 20 prototypes developed over the last fifteen years
Offshore		<p>Ship deliveries</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1990 – 2001 72⁽²⁾ 2002 – 2016 292⁽²⁾ <p>• Acquired VARD in 2013</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Normand Maximus</i>: largest offshore vessel ever built in Norway <i>Skandi Africa</i>: “Ship of the Year 2015”⁽⁴⁾ <i>AMC Connector</i>: world’s largest cable layer⁽⁵⁾ <i>Far Samson</i>: most powerful offshore vessel⁽⁶⁾
Equipment Systems & Services		<p>• Strong revenue growth to € 495 mln in 2016</p> <p>• Start-up in 2005</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Innovative and technologically advanced products in terms of performances, lifecycle cost reduction and environmental safety Full product lifecycle management with unique capacity to support vessels’ maintenance, repair and overhaul all over the world

(1) Includes other products delivered by Naval business unit. Includes US subsidiaries pre Fincantieri acquisition, excluding 174 RB-M delivered since 2002, of which 28 in 2014 and 3 in 2015
(2) Includes other products delivered by Offshore business unit. Includes VARD and predecessor companies
(3) Parent company of several brands: Carnival Cruise Lines, Costa Crociere, Cunard, Holland America Line, P&O Cruises, Princess Cruise Lines and Seabourn Cruise Lines

(4) Award instituted by the major Nordic shipping magazine Skipsrevyen
(5) In terms of loading capacity (2011)
(6) In terms of bollard pull at the date of construction (423 tons)

Section 2

Financial performance



Skandi Africa
DOF
Ship of the Year 2015

Overview of financial performance indicators⁽¹⁾

€ mln	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Order intake	5,639	10,087	6,505
Total backlog	14,814	18,721	24,031
<i>Of which backlog</i>	9,814	15,721	18,231
<i>Of which soft backlog</i>	5,000	3,000	5,800
Revenues	4,399	4,183	4,429
EBITDA	297	(26)	267
<i>As a % of revenues</i>	6.8%	-0.6%	6.0%
EBIT	198	(137)	157
<i>As a % of revenues</i>	4.5%	-3.3%	3.5%
Net result before extr. and non recurring items⁽²⁾	87	(252)	60
<i>Attributable to owners of the parent</i>	99	(141)	66
Net result for the period	55	(289)	14
<i>Attributable to owners of the parent</i>	67	(175)	25
Net fixed assets	1,417	1,453	1,590
Net working capital⁽³⁾	69	251	265
<i>Of which construction loans</i>	(847)	(1,103)	(678)
Equity	1,530	1,266	1,241
Net financial position <i>Net cash/ (Net debt)</i>	44	(438)	(615)
Employees	21,689	20,019	19,181

(1) With the aim to provide a meaningful index to measure the Group financial results, the Group adopts an EBITDA definition which normalizes the trend of results over time, and increases the level of comparability of the same results by excluding the impact of non recurring and extraordinary operating items; for the same reason, the Group also monitors Net Income before non recurring and extraordinary items (both operating and financials)

(2) Excluding extraordinary and Non Recurring Items net of tax effect

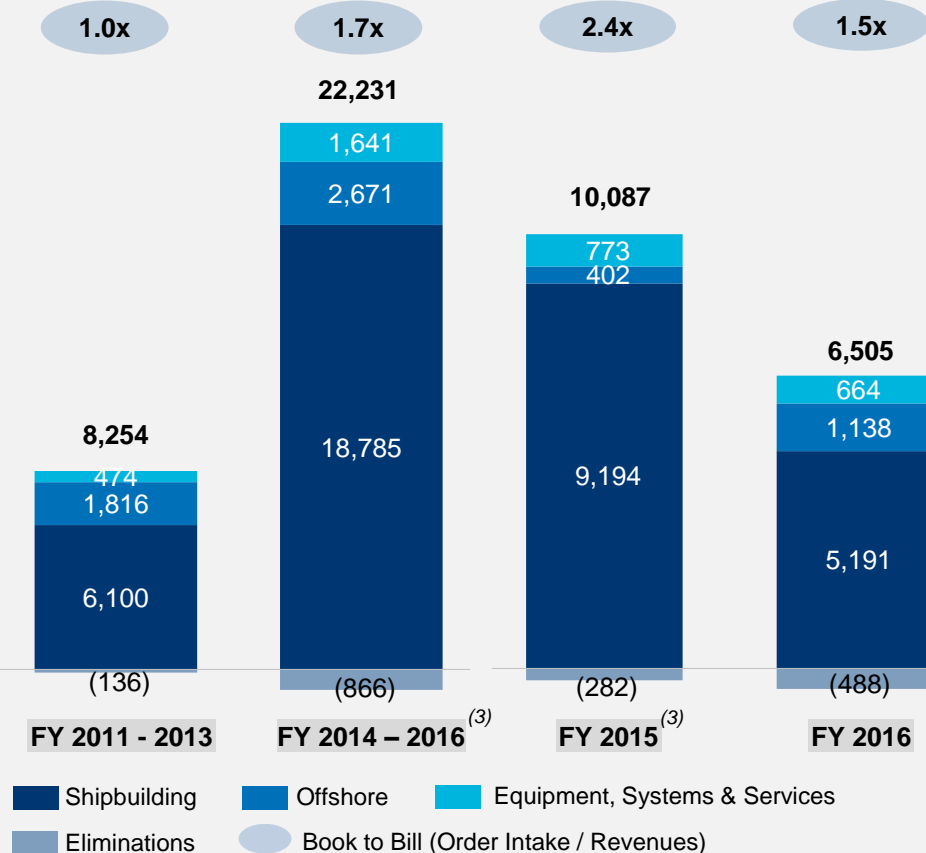
(3) Construction loans are accounted for in Net working capital, not Net financial position, as they are not general purpose loans and can be a source of financing only in connection with ship contracts



Order intake and backlog

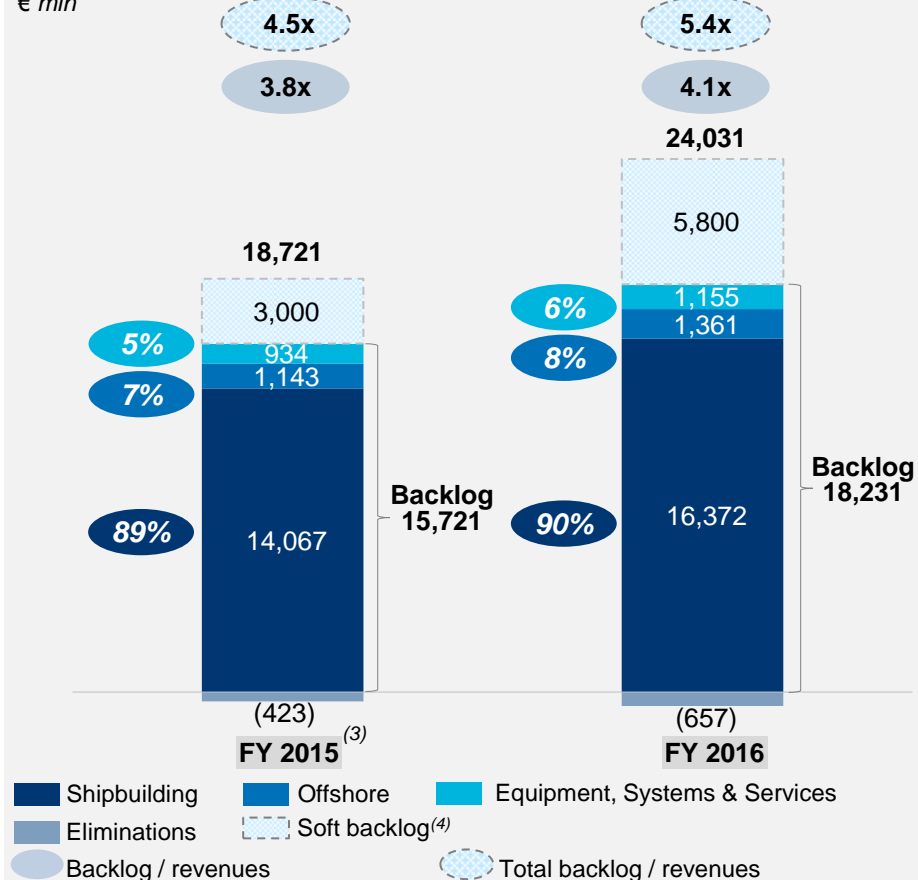
Order Intake

€ mln



Total backlog^(1,2)

€ mln



- **Total backlog⁽¹⁾ at December 31, 2016 represents ~ 5.4 years of work** in relation to revenue generated in 2016 – Group's ability to finalize contracts under negotiation, contract options and commercial opportunities and to transform them into backlog

(1) Sum of backlog and soft backlog

(2) Breakdown calculated based on backlog after eliminations

(3) For comparison purposes, 2015 figures are restated following the redefinition of operating segments. Following the operational reorganization carried out in November 2016, the repair & conversion services, cabins & public areas business, as well as integrated systems business, all previously included in the Shipbuilding segment, have been relocated to the Equipment, Systems & Services segment starting from FY 2016 results.

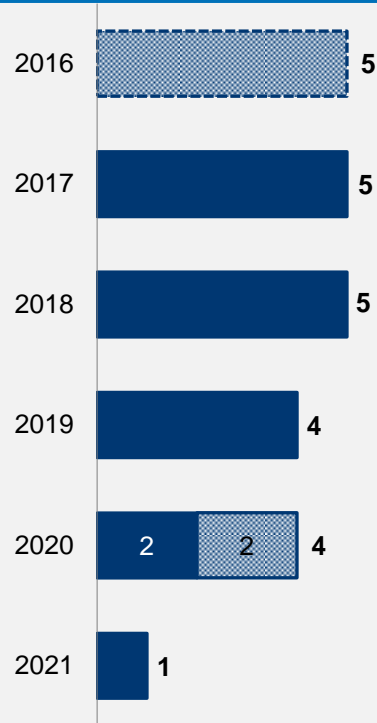
(4) Soft backlog represents the value of existing contract options and letters of intent as well as contracts in advanced negotiation, none of which yet reflected in the order backlog

Backlog deployment

Shipbuilding

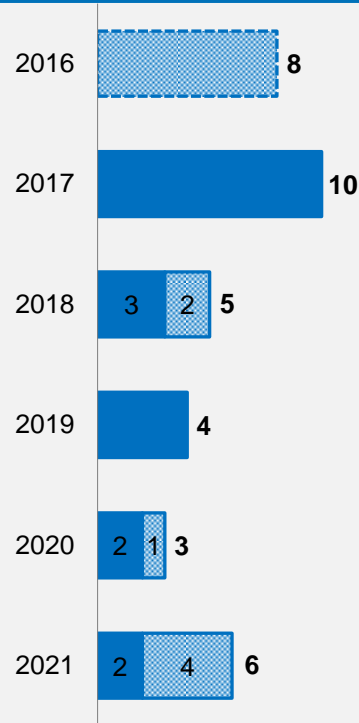
ships deliveries⁽¹⁾

Cruise



- Additional 1 unit scheduled after 2021
- **20 vessels**
- Deliveries up to 2022 without considering the order for 4 ships for Norwegian Cruise Line, signed in Q1 2017

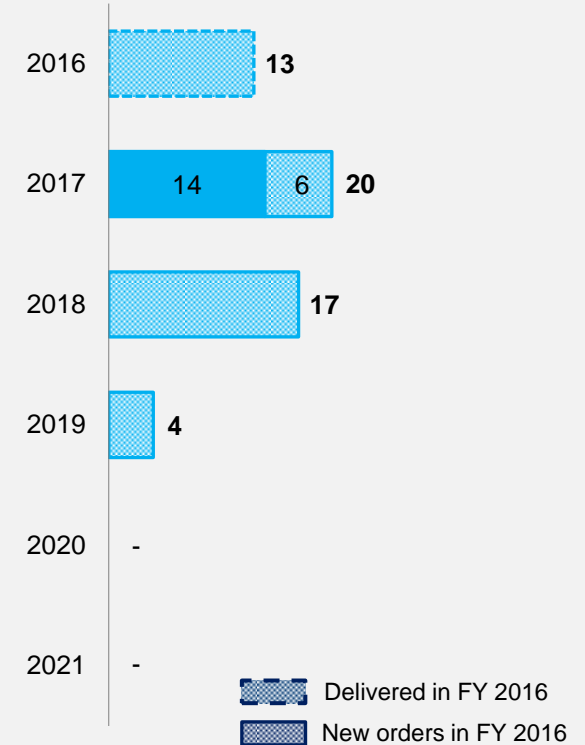
Naval⁽²⁾



- Additional 10 units scheduled after 2021
- **38 vessels**
- Deliveries up to 2026

Offshore

ships deliveries



- **41 vessels**
- 20 module carrier vessels scheduled for delivery in 2017-2018 and 6 expedition cruise vessels in 2018-2019

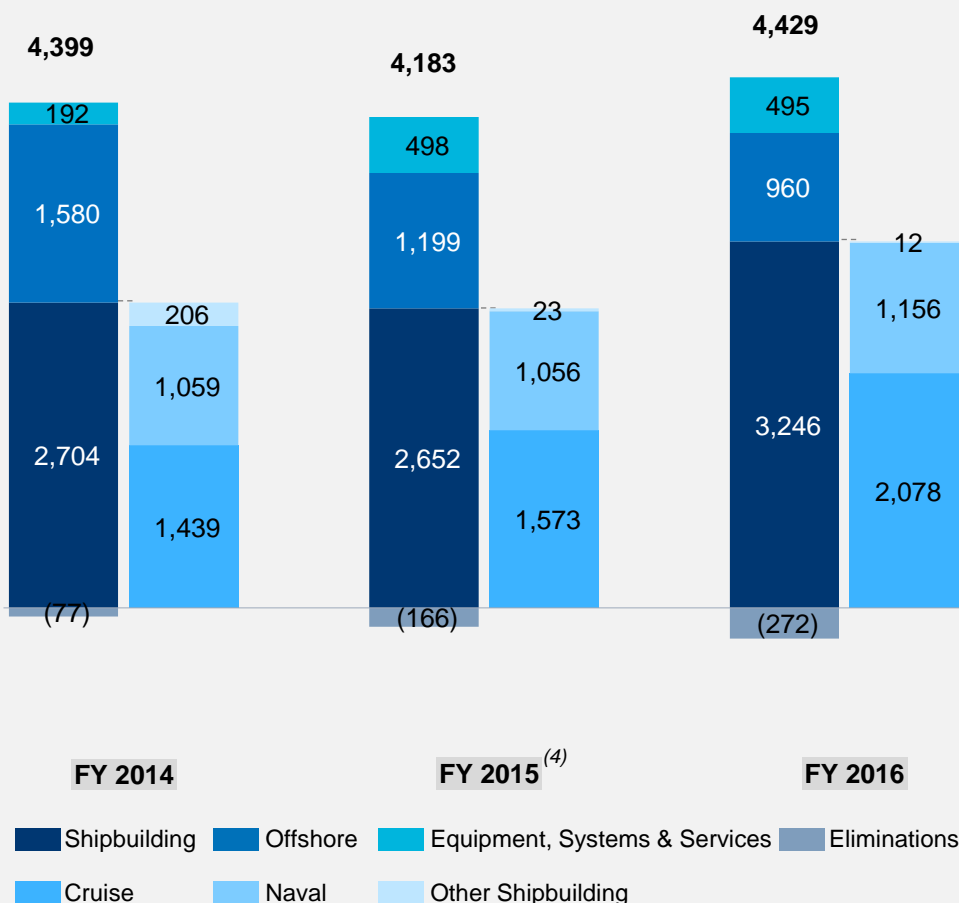
(1) Articulated Tug Barge (ATB) is an articulated unit consisting of a barge and a tug, thus being counted as two vessels in one unit
 (2) Ships with length > 40 m



Financial performance

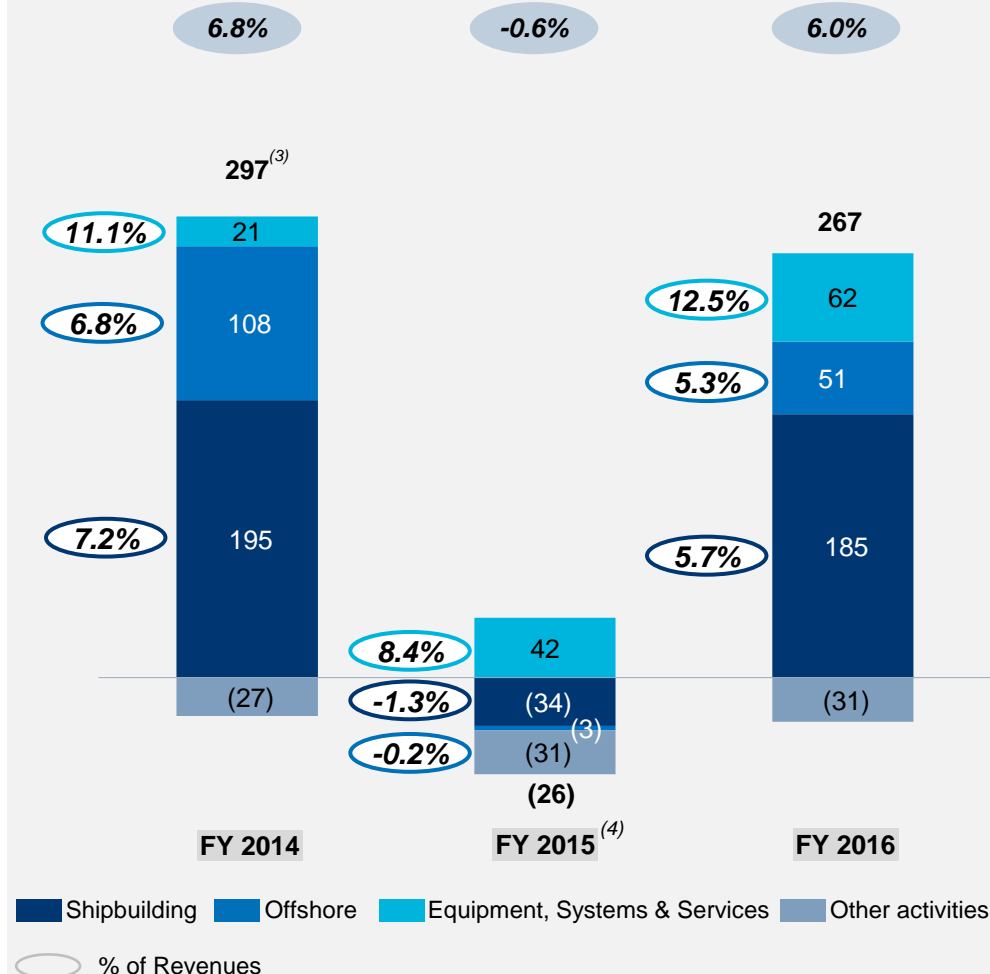
Revenues⁽¹⁾

€ mln



EBITDA / margins⁽²⁾

€ mln



(1) Breakdown calculated gross of consolidation effects

(2) EBITDA is a Non-GAAP Financial Measure. The Company defines EBITDA as profit/(loss) for the period before (i) income taxes, (ii) share of profit/(loss) from equity investments, (iii) income/expense from investments, (iv) finance costs, (v) finance income, (vi) depreciation and amortization, (vii) extraordinary wages guarantee fund - Cassa Integrazione Guadagni Straordinaria, (viii) expenses for corporate restructuring and other non-recurring personnel costs, (ix) accruals to provision and cost of legal services for asbestos claims, (x) other non recurring items. EBITDA breakdown are referred only to operating segments

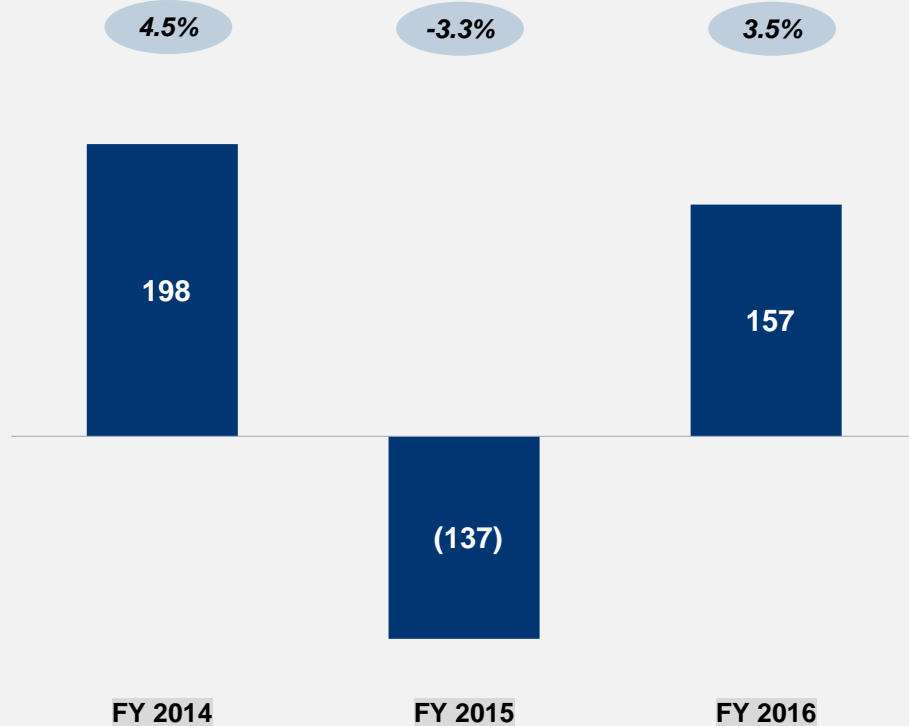
(3) Including the release of orders risk fund referred to the provisions accrued at VARD business combination for expected losses on construction contracts in Brazil (€ 35 mln in 2014)

(4) For comparison purposes, 2015 figures are restated following the redefinition of operating segments. Following the operational reorganization carried out in November 2016, the repair & conversion services, cabins & public areas business, as well as integrated systems business, all previously included in the Shipbuilding segment, have been relocated to the Equipment, Systems & Services segment starting from FY 2016 results.

Financial performance

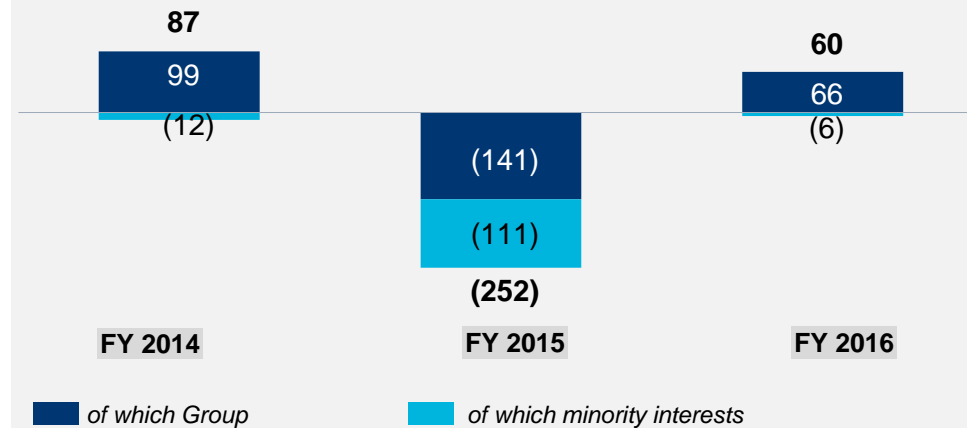
EBIT / margins

€ mln



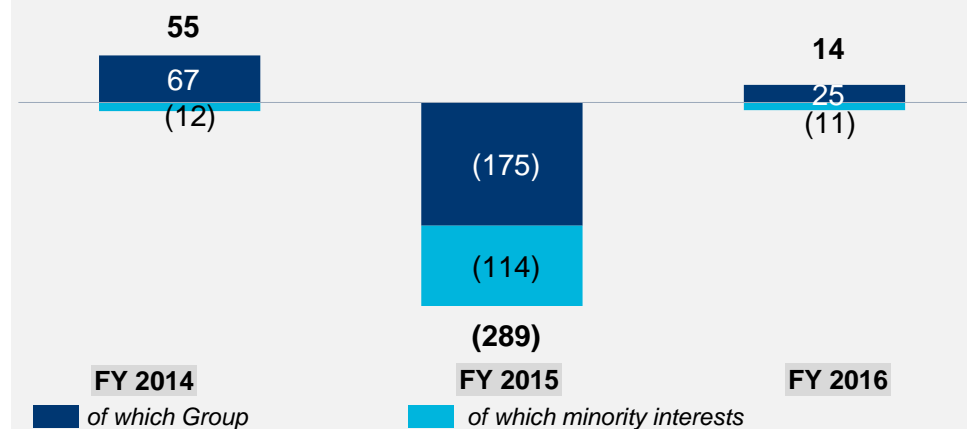
Net result before extraordinary and non recurring items⁽¹⁾

€ mln



Net result

€ mln



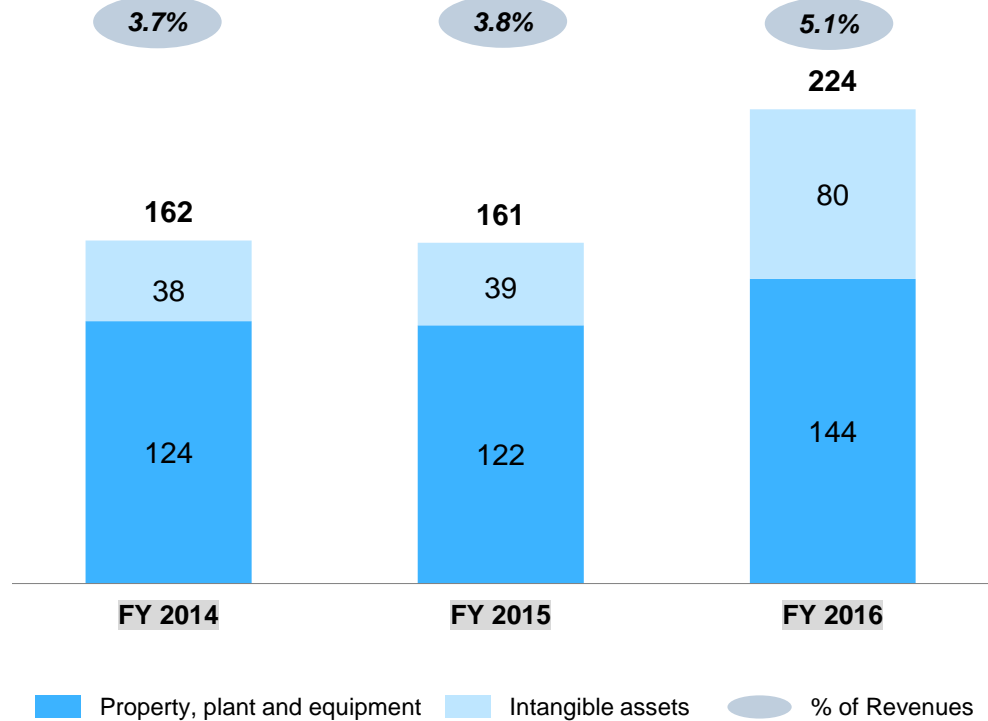
⁽¹⁾ Extraordinary and non recurring costs net of tax effect amounted to € 32 mln in 2014, € 37 mln in 2015, € 46 mln in FY 2016



Capex

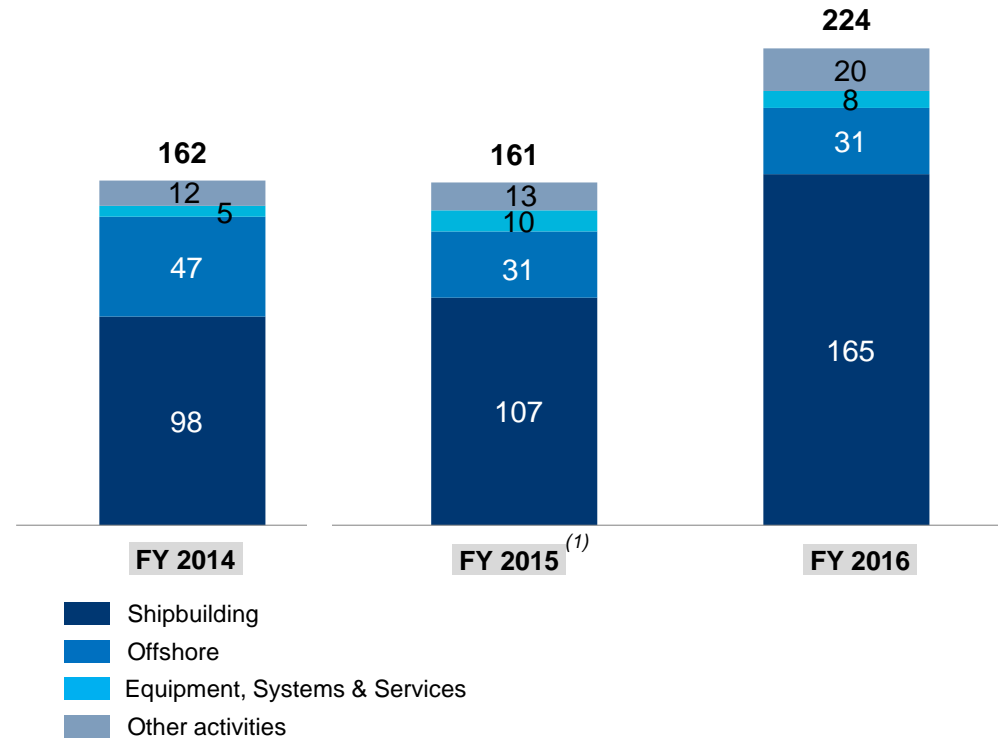
Capex evolution

€ mln



Capex by segment

€ mln



• 2015 and 2016 Capex mainly related to:

- Property, plant and equipment - aimed at supporting the development of production volumes and improving safety conditions and compliance with environmental regulations within the production sites
- Intangible assets – mainly related to the development of new technologies for cruise business and IT systems

(1) For comparison purposes, 2015 figures are restated following the redefinition of operating segments. Following the operational reorganization carried out in November 2016, the repair & conversion services, cabins & public areas business, as well as integrated systems business, all previously included in the Shipbuilding segment, have been relocated to the Equipment, Systems & Services segment starting from FY 2016 results.

Section 3

Working capital and net financial position

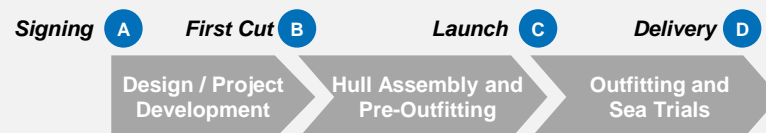


Serene
Private owner
2012 World Super
Yacht Award
(134 meters)

Working capital dynamics

Indicative payment terms

Main phases of the shipbuilding process⁽¹⁾

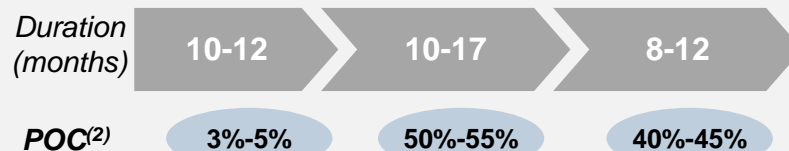


Impact on net working capital

Cruise



- 20% during construction
- 80% on delivery

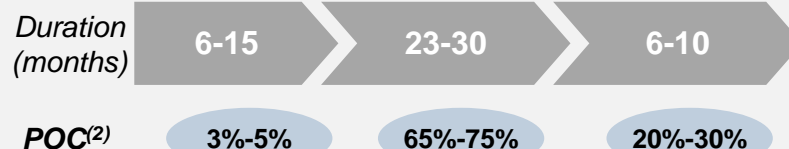


- Increases during construction
- Impact on net debt

Naval⁽³⁾



- According to % of completion

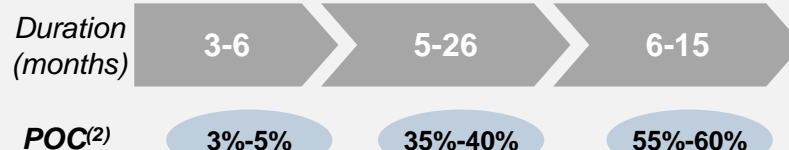


- Neutral profile

Offshore⁽³⁾



- 20% during construction
- 80% on delivery



- Increases during construction
- VARD generally uses construction loans (guaranteed by the ship as collateral)

⁽¹⁾ Phases and durations may be subject to changes depending on circumstances, regions and vessels specificity, production geographical area and type of construction

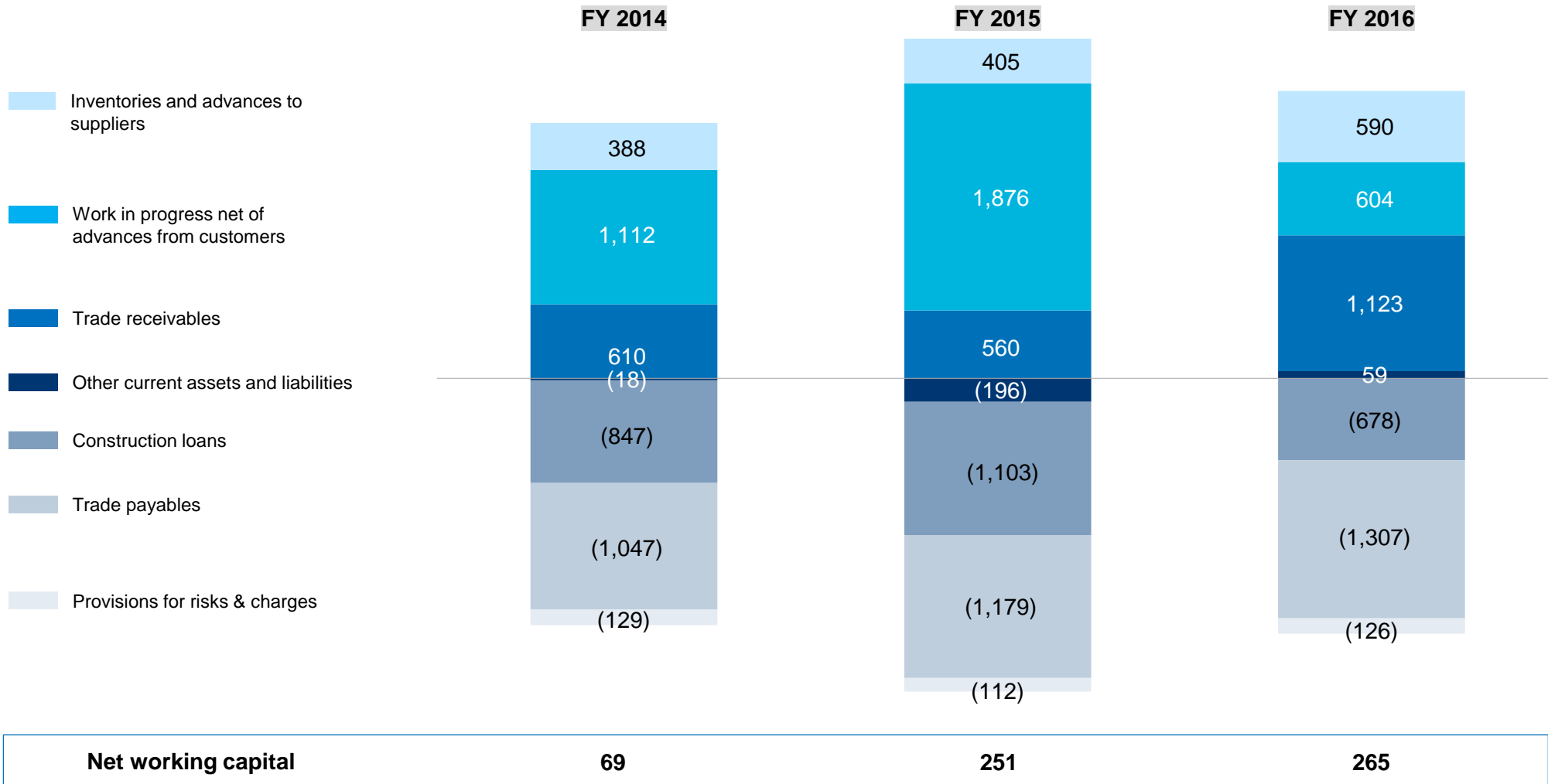
⁽²⁾ Percentage of Completion

⁽³⁾ Illustrative for frigates and support vessels

Net working capital⁽¹⁾

Breakdown by main components

€ mln

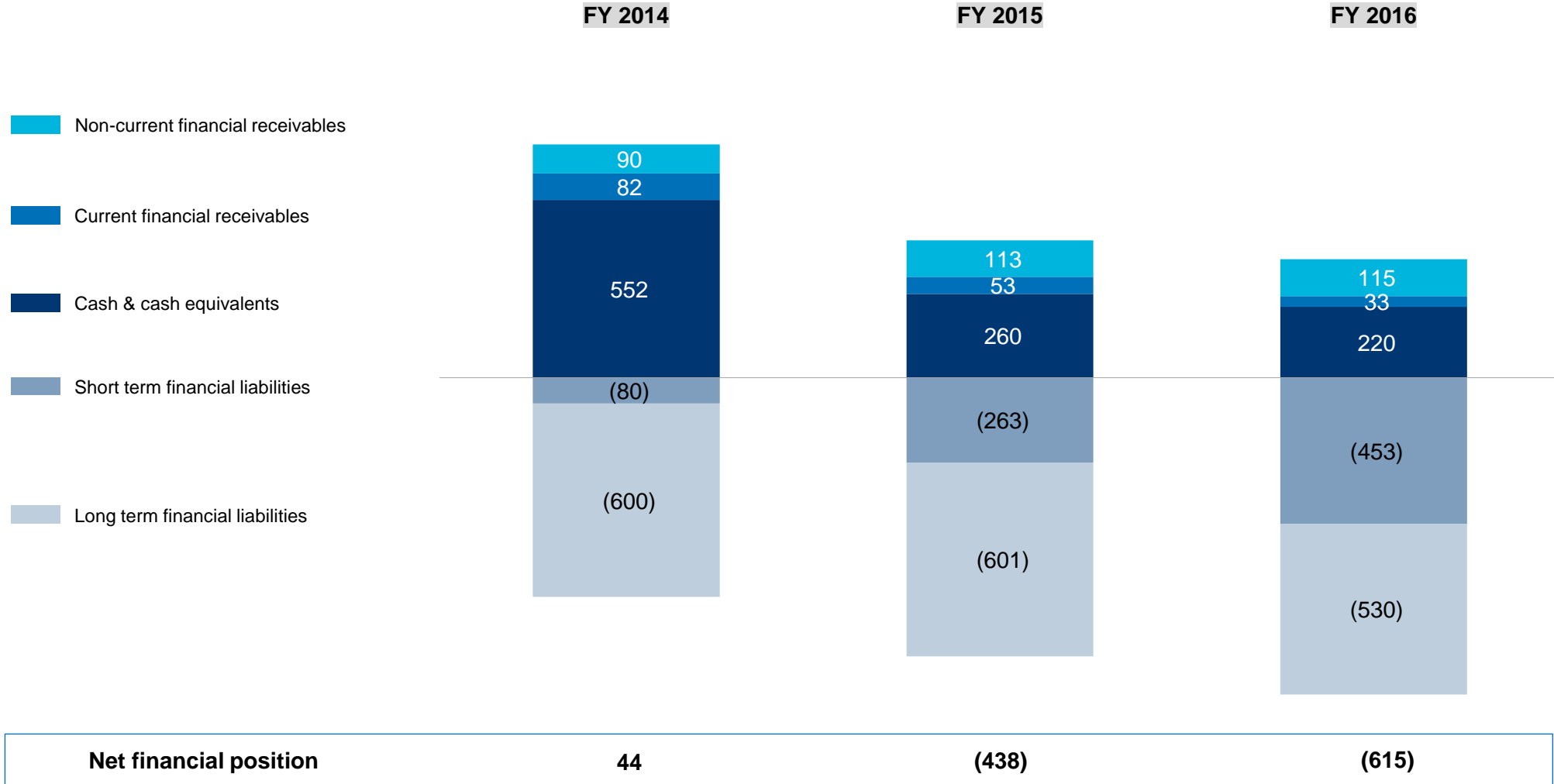


⁽¹⁾ Construction loans are committed working capital financing facilities, treated as part of Net working capital, not in Net financial position, as they are not general purpose loans and can be a source of financing only in connection with ship contracts

Net financial position⁽¹⁾

Breakdown by main components

€ mln – Net cash / (Net debt)



⁽¹⁾ Net financial position does not account for construction loans as they are not general purpose loans and can be a source of financing only in connection with ship contracts

Q&A



Variable Pitch Propeller
Horizon class frigates
Italian Navy

Appendix FY 2016 results



MSC Armonia
MSC - Renaissance Programme

FY 2016 Key Messages








- **Positive net result:** at € 14 mln, up more than € 300 mln vs 2015
- **Business Plan targets confirmed:** FY 2016 results show substantial improvement compared to FY 2015 and confirm short and medium term guidance. Revenues up 5.9% (in line with 2016 target), EBITDA margin at 6.0% (above 2016 target) and net debt at € 615 mln (better than 2016 target)
- **Total backlog⁽¹⁾ at € 24.0 bln covering ~ 5.4 years of work if compared to 2016 revenues; backlog at € 18.2 bln** (€ 15.7 bln in FY 2015) **with 99 ships in orderbook** and **soft backlog⁽²⁾ at € 5.8 bln** (€ 3.0 bln in FY 2015)
- **The continuous development of strategic and commercial initiatives** led to the closing of **contracts with Virgin Voyages**; and, at the beginning of 2017, the addition of a new prestigious brand to our cruise client portfolio with the order of **4 cruise ships for Norwegian Cruise Line** and the signing of the first binding agreements for **the construction of cruise ships in China**
- **Expansion of naval business in foreign markets:** signed an **important contract worth almost € 4.0 bln with the Qatari Ministry of Defense**. This order is the most significant commercial milestone of the past 30 years in the naval business
- **Strong recovery of operating performance in cruise:** 4 highly complex prototype vessels delivered on time, with simultaneous start of production of sister-ships and semi sister-ships, acquired at higher prices and better expected margins
- **Effective implementation of VARD Business Plan:** the production structure in Brazil has been rationalized, VARD developed significant synergies with the cruise business and continued successfully the diversification strategy
- **New labor agreement:** the agreement, entails benefits which are linked both to individual performance and overall Company results. It is a key step towards greater efficiency and a unique innovation in industrial relations

(1) Sum of backlog and soft backlog

(2) Soft backlog which represents the value of existing contract options and letters of intent as well as contracts in advanced negotiation, none of which yet reflected in the order backlog











FY 2016 main orders

	Vessel		Client	Delivery
Shipbuilding		1 ultra-luxury cruise ship ("Seven Seas Explorer" sister ship)	Regent Seven Seas Cruises (Norwegian Cruise Line Holdings)	2020
		1 Littoral Combat Ship	US Navy	2020
		1 cruise ship (fifth "Royal Princess" class vessel)	Princess Cruises (Carnival Corporation)	2020
		7 new generation surface vessels (4 corvettes, 1 amphibious vessel, 2 Offshore Patrol Vessels)	Qatari Ministry of Defence	after 2020
Offshore (Vard)		1 Stern Trawler	Havfisk ASA	2018
		4 expedition cruise vessels	Ponant	2018 - 2019
		2 expedition cruise vessels	Hapag-Lloyd Cruises	2019
		20 Module Carrier Vessels	Topaz Energy and Marine/ Kazmortransflot	2017 - 2018







FY 2016 main deliveries (1/2)

Deliveries in Q4

Vessel		Client	Shipyard
	Cruise ship “Viking Sea”	Viking Ocean Cruises	Ancona
	Cruise ship “Koningsdam” (prototype)	Holland America Line (Carnival Corporation)	Marghera
	Cruise ship “Carnival Vista” (prototype)	Carnival Cruise Lines	Monfalcone
	Cruise ship “Seven Seas Explorer” (prototype)	Regent Seven Seas Cruises (Norwegian Cruise Line Holdings)	Sestri Ponente
	Submarine “Pietro Venuti”	Italian Navy	Muggiano
	Littoral Combat Ship “USS Detroit” (LCS 7)	US Navy	Marinette
	FREMM “Alpino”	Italian Navy	Muggiano
	Cruise ship “Seabourn Encore” (prototype)	Seabourn Cruise Line (Carnival Corporation)	Marghera

FY 2016 main deliveries (2/2)

Deliveries in Q4

	Vessel		Client	Shipyard
Offshore (Vard)		OSCV “Skandi Açú”	Techdof Brasil	Vard Søviknes
		AHTS “Skandi Paraty”	DOF	Vard Niterói
		3 LPG carriers “Barbosa Lima Sobrinho”, “Darcy Ribeiro” and “Lucio Costa”	Transpetro	Vard Promar
		OSCV “Normand Maximus”	Solstad Offshore	Vard Brattvaag
		OSCV “Deep Explorer”	Technip	Vard Langsten
Equipment, Systems and Services		Conversion of 2 Corvettes in OPV	Bangladesh Coast Guard	Muggiano

2017 Guidance

- **2017 results expected to be in line with the Business Plan guidance**, following the positive performance in 2016
- **Confirmed dividend distribution on 2017 net profit**

Shipbuilding

- **Further volume growth and margin improvement** thanks to
 - the **start of construction works for cruise sister ships** acquired after the downturn, at higher prices
 - the **increase of naval volumes** related to the full start of the Italian Navy's fleet renewal program and the design activities related to the Qatar order
- **Continuing effort to optimize the production and engineering systems in Italy and to develop significant production synergies with VARD** through the utilization of Tulcea shipyard to support Italian facilities

Offshore

- **Gradual growth of volumes coming from the diversification strategy**, notably in the expedition cruise vessels segment, implemented in response to the downturn of the core Oil&Gas sector
- **Continuous implementation of reorganization measures aimed at structural cost reduction and optimization of the production system** in order to improve competitiveness and seize opportunities at market recovery
- The current order portfolio still significantly exposed to Oil&Gas segment

Equipment, Systems & Services

- **Deployment of the significant backlog** related to the Italian Navy's fleet renewal program
- **Continuous focus on the insourcing of high value added activities** and outsourcing of lower value added ones, in order to **optimize the value chain and further develop after sales activities**

Business Plan Guidance

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Guidance 2018 confirmed <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Revenue increase 16-23% vs. 2016 – EBITDA margin approx. 6-7% – Net debt at approx. € 0.4-0.6 bln* | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Guidance 2020 confirmed <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Revenue increase 16-21% vs. 2018 – EBITDA margin approx. 7-8% – Net debt at approx. € 0.1-0.3 bln* |
|--|--|

* Net debt partly used to finance net working capital



Shipbuilding

Highlights

€ mln	FY 2015 ⁽¹⁾	FY 2016	
Order intake	9,194	5,191	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 cruise ship for Princess Cruises 1 cruise ship for Regent Seven Seas Cruises (Norwegian Cruise Line Holdings) 7 naval vessels for Qatar Emiri Naval Forces 1 LCS unit for US Navy 1 ATB unit to be built in US
Order book	18,539	20,825	
Backlog	14,067	16,372	
Revenues	2,652	3,246	
EBITDA	(34)	185	
% on revenues	-1.3%	5.7%	
Capex	107	165	
Ships delivered	9	13 ⁽²⁾	

Further volume growth and margin improvement thanks to

- the **start of construction works for cruise sister ships** acquired after the downturn, at higher prices
- the **increase of naval volumes** related to the full start of the Italian Navy's fleet renewal program and the design activities related to the Qatar order

Continuing effort to optimize the production and engineering systems in Italy and to develop significant production synergies with VARD through the utilization of Tulcea shipyard to support Italian facilities

Comments

- Orders: order intake at € 5,191 mln taking backlog to € 16,372 mln
- Revenues: at € 3,246 mln, up 22.4%
 - Growth of volumes in cruise reaching 44% of total Group revenues
 - Gradual ramp-up of naval volumes, due to the start of production activities related to the Italian Navy's fleet renewal program
- EBITDA at € 185 mln, margin at 5.7%
 - Good performance of cruise projects under construction, with on-time delivery of 4 prototype vessels, and of the naval business unit, notably on ships delivered during the year
- Capex: at € 165 mln

⁽¹⁾ For comparison purposes, 2015 figures are restated following the redefinition of operating segments. Following the operational reorganization carried out in November 2016, the repair & conversion services, cabins & public areas business, as well as integrated systems business, all previously included in the Shipbuilding segment, have been relocated to the Equipment, Systems & Services segment starting from FY 2016 results.

⁽²⁾ 5 cruise ships (Viking Sea for Viking Ocean Cruises, Koningsdam for Holland America Line, Carnival Vista for Carnival Cruise Lines, Seven Seas Explorer for Regent Seven Seas Cruises and Seabourne Encore for Seabourn Cruise Line), 1 semisubmersible floating platform (Itarus for the Russian RosRAO), 1 submarine (Pietro Venuti for the Italian Navy), 1 LCS (LCS 7 "USS Detroit" for the US Navy), 1 FREMM (Alpino for the Italian Navy) and 4 vessels for petrol-chemical transportation

Highlights

€ mln	FY 2015 ⁽¹⁾	FY 2016	
Order intake	402	1,138	• 4 expedition cruise vessels for Ponant
Order book	2,729	2,366	• 2 expedition cruise vessels for Hapag-Lloyd
Backlog	1,143	1,361	• 17 module carrier vessels for Topaz Energy & Marine
Revenues	1,199	960	• 3 module carrier vessels for Kazmortransflot
EBITDA	(3)	51	• 1 Stern Trawler for Havfisk ASA
% on revenues	-0.2%	5.3%	
Capex	31	31	
Ships delivered	12	13	

Gradual growth of volumes coming from the diversification strategy, notably in the expedition cruise vessels segment, implemented in response to the downturn of the core Oil&Gas sector

Continuous implementation of reorganization measures aimed at structural cost reduction and optimization of the production system in order to improve competitiveness and seize opportunities at market recovery

The current order portfolio still significantly exposed to Oil&Gas segment

Comments

- Orders: order intake at € 1,138 mln taking backlog to € 1,361 mln
- Revenues: at € 960 mln, down 19.9%
 - Reduction of production volumes following the crisis of VARD's core market, pending the contribution of the diversification strategy
 - Shut down of Niterói yard in Brazil
 - Negative effect of NOK/EUR exchange rate (€ 37 mln)
- EBITDA: at € 51 mln, with margin at 5.3%
 - Positive contribution of projects under construction in Europe and release of provisions accrued in 2015 in relation to the Brazilian yards
 - De-risking of activities in Brazil: shut down of Niterói yard
- Capex: at € 31 mln

⁽¹⁾ For comparison purposes, 2015 figures are restated following the redefinition of operating segments. Following the operational reorganization carried out in November 2016, the repair & conversion services, cabins & public areas business, as well as integrated systems business, all previously included in the Shipbuilding segment, have been relocated to the Equipment, Systems & Services segment starting from FY 2016 results.

Equipment, Systems and Services

Highlights

€ mln	FY 2015 ⁽¹⁾	FY 2016
Order intake	773	664
Order book	1,446	1,742
Backlog	934	1,155
Revenues	498	495
EBITDA	42	62
% on revenues	8.4%	12.5%
Capex	10	8

Deployment of the significant backlog related to the Italian Navy's fleet renewal program

Continuous focus on the insourcing of high value added activities and outsourcing of lower value added ones, in order to **optimize the value chain and further develop after sales activities**

Comments

- Orders: order intake at € 664 mln taking backlog at € 1,155 mln
- Revenues: at € 495 mln
 - The increase of volumes in after sales services for naval vessels and sales of automation systems as well as other naval equipment has balanced the reduction in ship conversion activities
- EBITDA: at € 62 mln with margin at 12.5%
 - Higher contribution of repair & conversion despite lower revenues, as well as design and production of systems & components

(1) For comparison purposes, 2015 figures are restated following the redefinition of operating segments. Following the operational reorganization carried out in November 2016, the repair & conversion services, cabins & public areas business, as well as integrated systems business, all previously included in the Shipbuilding segment, have been relocated to the Equipment, Systems & Services segment starting from FY 2016 results.



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Financial appendix

Profit & Loss and Cash flow statement

Profit & Loss statement (€ mln)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Revenues	4,399	4,183	4,429
Materials, services and other costs	(3,234)	(3,337)	(3,291)
Personnel costs	(843)	(865)	(846)
Provisions ⁽¹⁾	(25)	(7)	(25)
EBITDA	297	(26)	267
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	(99)	(111)	(110)
EBIT	198	(137)	157
Finance income / (expense) ⁽²⁾	(66)	(135)	(66)
Income / (expense) from investments	6	(3)	(10)
Income taxes ⁽³⁾	(51)	23	(21)
Net result before extraordinary and non recurring items	87	(252)	60
Attributable to owners of the parent	99	(141)	66
Extraordinary and non recurring items ⁽⁴⁾	(44)	(50)	(59)
Tax effect on extraordinary and non recurring items	12	13	13
Net result for the period	55	(289)	14
Attributable to owners of the parent	67	(175)	25
Cash flow statement (€ mln)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Beginning cash balance	385	552	260
Cash flow from operating activities	33	(287)	73
Cash flow from investing activities	(157)	(172)	(237)
Free cash flow	(124)	(459)	(164)
Cash flow from financing activities	303	167	115
Net cash flow for the period	179	(292)	(49)
Exchange rate differences on beginning cash balance	(12)	-	9
Ending cash balance	552	260	220

(1) The line "Provisions and impairment" has been modified in "Provisions" and includes provisions and reversal for risks and writedowns. It excludes impairment of Intangible assets and Property, plant and equipment, which is included in "Depreciation, amortization and impairment" (previously "Depreciation and amortization"). This change had no effect on the comparative information.

(2) Includes interest expense on construction loans for € 26 in FY 2014, € 36 mln in FY 2015 and € 34 mln in FY 2016

(3) Excluding tax effect on extraordinary and non recurring items

(4) Extraordinary and non recurring items gross of tax effect

Net result before extraordinary and non recurring items⁽¹⁾

Net result before extraordinary and non recurring items (€ mln)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
A Net result before extraordinary and non recurring items ⁽¹⁾	87	(252)	60
Attributable to owners of the parent	99	(141)	66
B Extraordinary and non recurring items gross of tax effect	(44)	(50)	(59)
– Of which extraordinary wages	(10)	(3)	(1)
– Of which restructuring costs	(9)	(17)	(12)
– Of which asbestos claims	(21)	(30)	(27)
– Of which other non recurring items	(4)	-	(19)
Tax effect on extraordinary and non recurring items	12	13	13
C Net result for the period	55	(289)	14
A + B + C Attributable to owners of the parent	67	(175)	25

- **Extraordinary wages** - costs related to CIG (Cassa Integrazione Guadagni) for employees in temporary layoff
- **Restructuring costs** - extraordinary costs, such as severance, related to workforce reduction under the Reorganization Plan in Italy and Vard
- **Asbestos claims** - provisions or costs for asbestos related to claims by employees
- **Other non recurring items** - mainly write-downs; in 2014 IPO related costs; in 2016 related to a provision for an ongoing litigation with a Mega Yacht owner

(1) Extraordinary and non recurring items net of tax effect

Balance sheet

Balance sheet (€ mln)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Intangible assets	508	518	595
Property, plant and equipment	959	974	1,064
Investments	60	62	58
Other non-current assets and liabilities	(48)	(44)	(69)
Employee benefits	(62)	(57)	(58)
Net fixed assets	1,417	1,453	1,590
Inventories and advances	388	405	590
Construction contracts and advances from customers	1,112	1,876	604
Construction loans	(847)	(1,103)	(678)
Trade receivables	610	560	1,123
Trade payables	(1,047)	(1,179)	(1,307)
Provisions for risks and charges	(129)	(112)	(126)
Other current assets and liabilities	(18)	(196)	59
Net working capital	69	251	265
Assets held for sale including related liabilities	-	-	1
Net invested capital	1,486	1,704	1,856
<i>Equity attributable to Group</i>	<i>1,310</i>	<i>1,137</i>	<i>1,086</i>
<i>Non-controlling interests in equity</i>	<i>220</i>	<i>129</i>	<i>155</i>
Equity	1,530	1,266	1,241
Cash and cash equivalents	(552)	(260)	(220)
Current financial receivables	(82)	(53)	(33)
Non-current financial receivables	(90)	(113)	(115)
Short term financial liabilities	80	263	453
Long term financial liabilities	600	601	530
Net debt / (Net cash)	(44)	438	615
Sources of financing	1,486	1,704	1,856

