Credit Suisse Capital Goods Conference

FINCANTIERI

London, 17-18 September 2014

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Pursuant to art. 154-BIS, par. 2, of the Unified Financial Act of February 24, 1998, the executive in charge of preparing the corporate accounting documents at Fincantieri, Carlo Gainelli, declares that the accounting information contained herein correspond to document results, books and accounting records.



Fincantieri speakers



Luca Passa

Vice President Investor Relations

- Vice President Investor Relations of FINCANTIERI (since 2014)
- · Former Morgan Stanley, Lehman Brothers and Cantor Fitzgerald



Tijana Obradovic

Investor Relations Officer

- Investor Relations Officer in FINCANTIERI (since 2014)
- Joined Fincantieri in 2012 (Business Development, Talent Acquisition)

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Section 1

Introduction



Fincantieri at a glance

#1 Western designer & shipbuilder⁽¹⁾

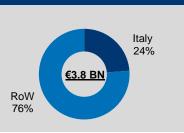
with 230 years of history & >7,000 ships built

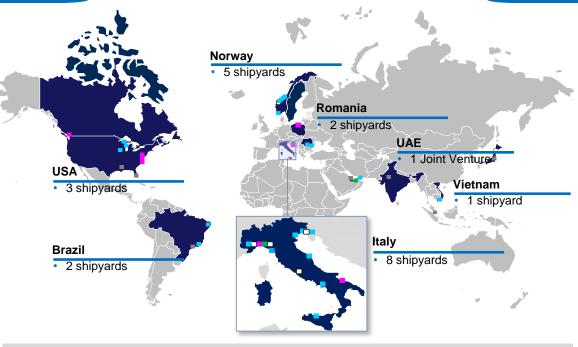
€3,811 MM revenues

€298 MM EBITDA

~€9.5 BN backlog(2) + ~€5.8 BN soft backlog⁽³⁾

Revenues by geography











21 shipyards

4 continents 13 countries

~ 20,400 employees ~ 80,000 subcontractors

Employees by location⁽⁴⁾



Operating subsidiary Representative / Sales office



Note: all figures reported as of December 31, 2013, except for backlog and soft backlog which are referred to 1H 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) (1) By revenues, excluding naval contractors in the captive military segment. Based on Fincantieri's estimates of shipbuilders' revenues in 2013

⁽²⁾ As of June 30, 2014
(3) Includes contracts signed after June 30, 2014, options, letters of intent and estimated value of Italian Navy fleet renewal plan
(4) Excluding Poland, Croatia, India, Singapore, Canada and UAE equal to less than 1%

[□] Corporate/BU headquarters ■ Shipyard ■ Joint Venture

SHIPBUILDING

Cruise

Naval

Others

OFFSHORE

EQUIPMENT. SYSTEMS & SERVICES

End markets

Leisure



Transportation / Luxurv / Maintenance







Oil & Gas Equipment / Life Cycle Management







Main products / Services

 All cruise ships (from contemporary to *luxury*)

 All surface vessels (also stealth)

- Support & Special vessels
- Submarines

- High tech ferries
- Large mega-yachts
- Ship repair & conversion services
- **Offshore Support** Vessels (AHTSs, PSVs, OSCVs)
- Specialized vessels
- **Drillships**

Marine systems, components & turnkey solutions

After sales services

Positioning

 #1 worldwide (~50% market share⁽¹⁾)



- -#1 in Italy(2)
- -Key supplier for US Navy & Coast Guard (3)
- -Worldwide exporter (India, UAE, other)

- Leader in:
- -High tech ferries (21% market share (4)
- -Large mega-yachts
- -Repair & conversion

 Leader in high-end OSVs(5) (20% market share⁽⁶⁾)

 Leading player worldwide

2013 Revenues

(% on tota<u>l)(7)</u>

€1,075 MM (28%)

€1,126 MM (29%)

€193 MM (5%)

€1,321 MM (34%)

€163 MM (4%)

1H 2014 Backlog⁽⁸⁾

€6,664 MM

€2,608 MM

€304 MM

⁽¹⁾ By oceangoing cruise ships > 10,000 gross tons ordered in the 2004 – 2013 period. Source: Fincantieri analysis

based on IHS Lloyd's Fairplay – Shippax data (2013) and Company press releases (2) For all the large ships and excluding minesweepers and small ships below 45 m in length (2013)

⁴⁾ Ferries longer than 150 m. Source: Fincantieri analysis based on IHS Lloyd's Fairplay, Shippax 2013

⁽³⁾ For medium size ships, e.g. patrol vessels and corvettes

⁽⁵⁾ Anchor Handling Tug Supply Vessels with BHP (Brake Horse Power) greater than 20,000, Platform Supply Vessels with DWT (Dead Weight Tonnes) greater than 4,500, Offshore Subsea Construction Vessels (OSCV). Source: Offshore Supply Vessels Fleet statistics provided by RS Platou Offshore Research (2013)

⁽⁶⁾ Regarding OSCVs based on no of ships in orderbook as of December 31, 2013

⁽⁷⁾ As of December 31, 2013, Breakdown calculated based on revenues gross of consolidation effects

Track record, top clients and technological leadership

SHIPBUILDING Cruise 65 Since 1990 Track record 42 Since 2002 2 deliveries⁽¹⁾ 2013 1H 2014 Carnival Group⁽⁴⁾ CARNIVAL MSC Crociere Prestige Cruise Holdings⁽⁵⁾ PRESTIGE **Top clients**)) PONANT Ponant Viking Ocean Cruises VIKING Royal Princess: 1st cruise ship fully compliant with new regulations **Technological** Costa Luminosa & Costa Pacifica: leadership **Guinness World Record** for jointchristening of 2 cruise ships

Naval 92(2) Since 1990 41(2) Since 2002 9(2) 2013 3(2) 1H 2014 Italian Navy and Coast Guard US Navy United Arab Emirates Navy Algerian Navy Indian Navy LCS Freedom: world's fastest

steel frigate

22 2013 11 1H 2014 DCF DOF Farstad Island Offshore ISLAND OFFSHORE Siem Offshore SIEM OFFSHORE Solstad Offshore SOLSTAD OFFSHORE ASA Far Samson: most powerful offshore vessel(6)

Normand Prosper: 1st AHTS

stability (24m beam)

cable layer(7)

providing significantly higher

AMC Connector: world's largest

OFFSHORE

Since 1990

Since 2002

321⁽³⁾

249⁽³⁾

ships

(6) In terms of bollard pull at the date of construction (423 tonnes) (7) In terms of loading capacity (2011)

⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2013

⁽²⁾ Including US subsidiaries pre Fincantieri acquisition, excluding 143 RB-M delivered since 2002, of which 33 in 2013. Additional 17 RB-M delivered in 1H 2014.

⁽³⁾ Including VARD and predecessor companies

⁽⁵⁾ Parent company of Oceania Cruises and Regent Seven Seas Cruise. Acquired by Norwegian Cruise Line Holdings in September 2014.

Section 2

Financial performance



Overview of financial performance indicators⁽¹⁾

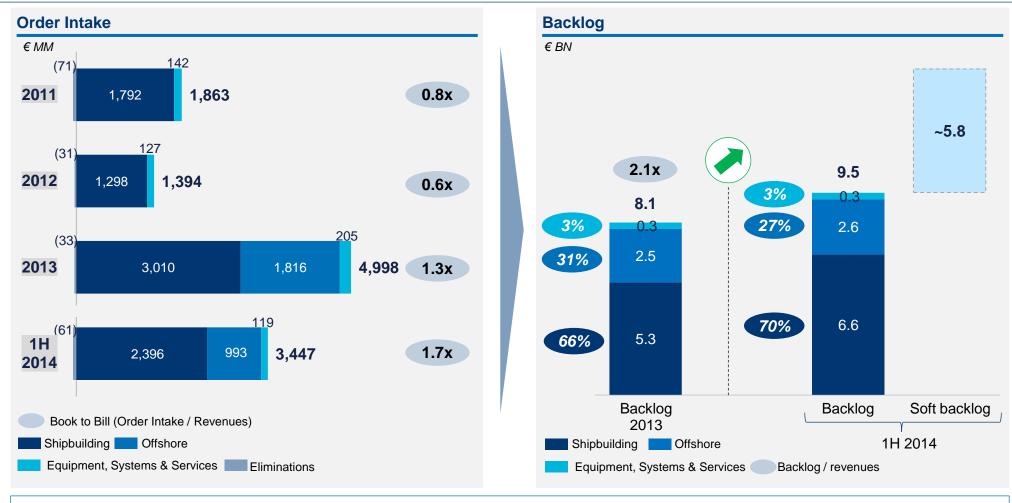
€ MM	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013 ⁽²⁾	1H 2014
Order intake	1,863	1,394	4,998	3,447
Backlog	5,373	4,735	8,068	9,515
Revenues	2,380	2,381	3,811	1,983
EBITDA	141	147	298	142
As a % of revenues	5.9%	6.2%	7.8%	7.1%
EBIT	75	87	209	93
As a % of revenues	3.1%	3.7%	5.5%	4.7%
Net income before extr. and non recurring items ⁽³⁾	44	44	137	48
Attributable to owners of the parent	43	44	109	39
Net income	9	15	85	33
Attributable to owners of the parent	8	15	57	24
Net financial position Net cash/ (Net debt)	226	459	(155)	(184)
Net working capital ⁽⁴⁾	159	(97)	(67)	(52)
Construction loans	-	-	(563)	(607)
Free Cash Flow	82	292	(519)	(25)

⁽¹⁾ With the aim to provide a meaningful index to measure the Group financial results, the Group adopts an EBITDA definition which normalizes the trend of results over time, and increases the level of comparability of the same results by excluding the impact of non recurring and extraordinary operating items; for the same reason, the Group also monitors Net Income before non recurring and extraordinary items (both operating and financials)



^{(2) 2013} figures consolidate VARD starting from January 23, 2013 (3) Excluding extraordinary and Non Recurring Items net of tax effect.

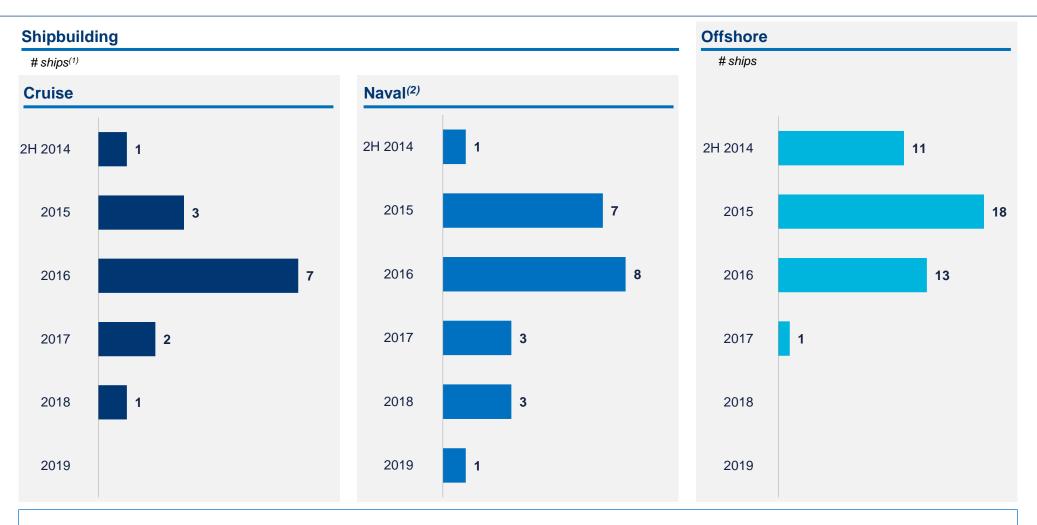
Order intake and backlog



- Backlog = contracts already in place and effective for which the first advance payment has been paid
- **Soft backlog** = contracts signed after reporting date + agreements subject to finalization of financing + options + estimate of new Italian Navy program (net of financial cost and of cost related to the combat system)



Backlog deployment

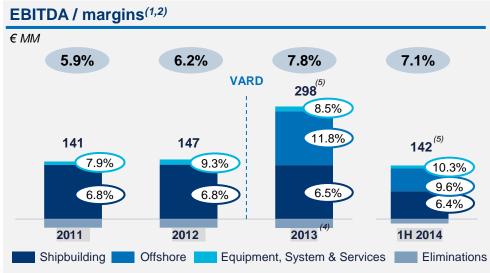


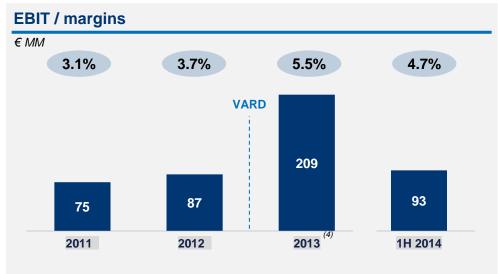
 Higher value per ship of new orders in cruise & offshore (due to increased complexity / size) implies reduction in # of ships delivered per year

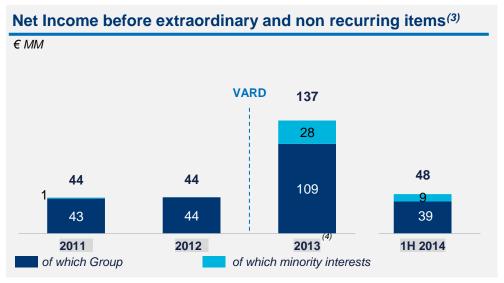


Financial performance









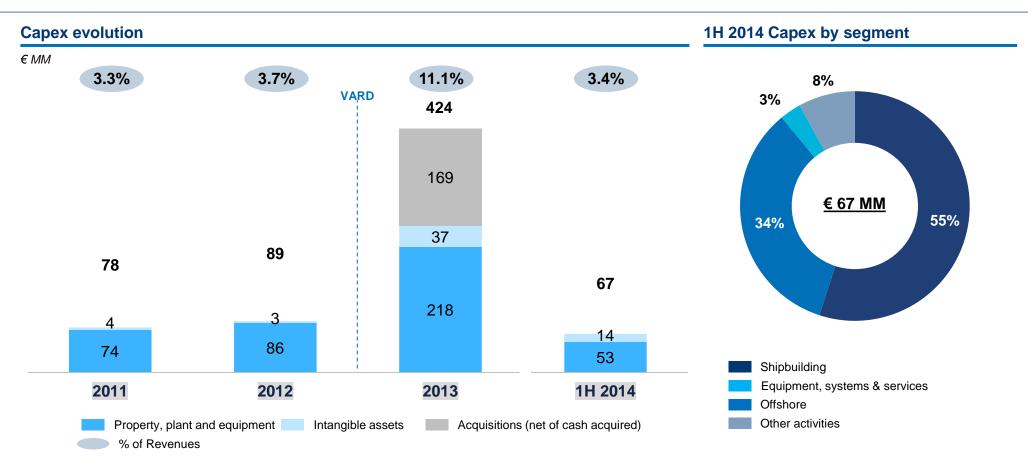
⁽¹⁾ Breakdown calculated gross of consolidation effects (2) EBITDA is a Non-GAAP Financial Measure. The Company defines EBITDA as profit/(loss) for the period before (i) income taxes, (ii) share of profit/(loss) from equity investments, (iii) income/expense from investments, (iv) finance costs, (v) finance income, (vi) depreciation and amortisation, (vii) extraordinary wages guarantee fund – Cassa Integrazione Guadagni Straordinaria, (viii) accruals to provision for corporate restructuring, (ix) accruals to provision for asbestos claims, (x) other non recurring items. EBITDA breakdown are referred only to operating segments

⁽³⁾ Extraordinary and non recurring costs net of tax effect amounted to €35 MM, €29 MM and €52 MM in 2011, 2012 and 2013, respectively

^{(4) 2013} figures consolidate VARD starting from January 23, 2013: as a consequence figures for the year ended December 31, 2013, are not comparable to those of 2011 and 2012.

⁽⁵⁾ Including PPA (€53 MM in 2013, €15 MM in 1H 2014) related to reversal of provision for expected losses on construction contracts in progress relating to VARD Brazil

Capex



High 2013 Capex due to:

- Acquisition of VARD = €169 MM (reported net of cash acquired; total cost = €498 MM)
- High PPE Capex = €218 MM; mainly due to investments for completion of VARD's new yard in Brazil
- Intangible Capex = €37 MM; mainly related to capitalized R&D costs



Section 3

Working capital, Net financial position and key ratios



Working capital dynamics

Indicative payment terms

Main phases of the shipbuilding process⁽¹⁾ First Cut B Launch C Delivery D Signing A Design / Project Hull Assembly and **Outfitting** and **Pre-Outfitting** Sea Trials

Impact on net working capital

Cruise



- 20% during construction
- 80% on delivery

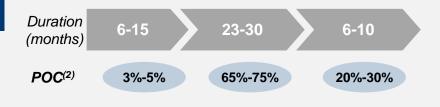


- Increases during construction
- Impact on net debt

Naval⁽³⁾



 According to % of completion



Neutral profile

Offshore(3)



- 20% during construction
- 80% on delivery



- Increases during construction
- VARD generally uses construction loans (guaranteed by the ship as collateral)

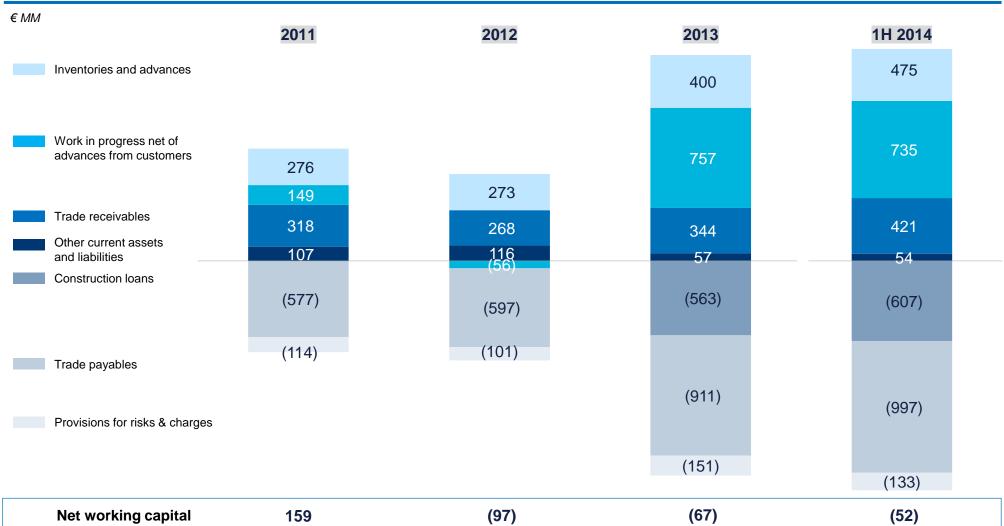


⁽¹⁾ Phases and durations may be subject to changes depending on circumstances, regions and vessels specificity, production geographical area and type of construction

⁽²⁾ Percentage of Completion
(3) Illustrative for frigates and support vessels

Net working capital⁽¹⁾

Breakdown by main components



⁽¹⁾ Construction loans are committed working capital financing facilities, therefore accounted for as part of Net working capital



Net financial position⁽¹⁾

Breakdown by main components



Net financial position 226 459 (155) (184)

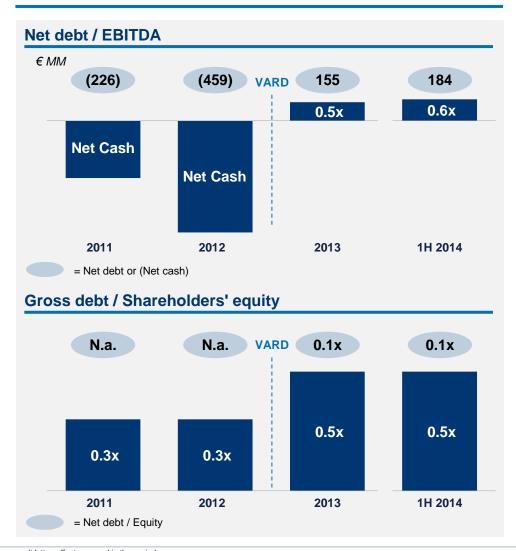


⁽¹⁾ Net financial position does not account for construction loans as they are not general purpose loans and can be a source of financing only in connection with ship contracts (2) Issuer FINCANTIERI S.p.A., Value € 300 MM, Annual coupon 3.75%, due November 2018

Key financial ratios

Profitability ratios ROI⁽¹⁾ (EBIT / Net invested capital) **VARD** 16.8% 15.3% 14.2% 9.6% 2013 1H 2014 2011 2012 **ROE**⁽¹⁾ (Net income / Equity) **VARD** 7.0% 6.9% 1.6% 1.0% 2011 2012 2013 1H 2014

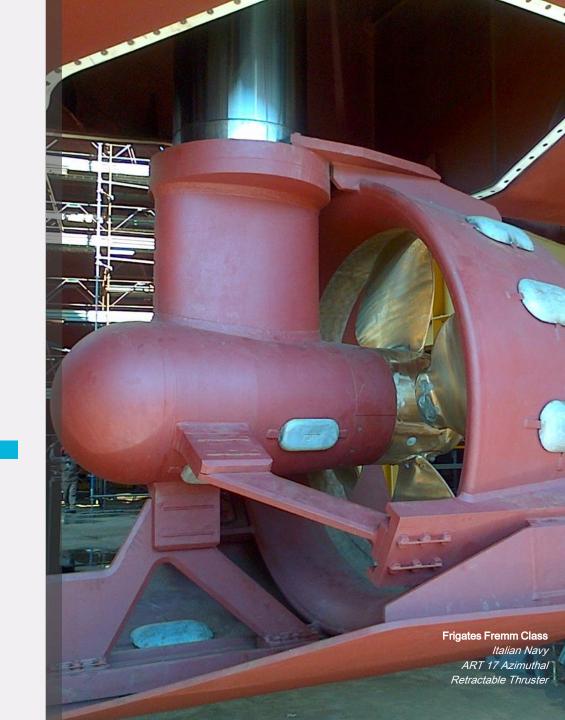
Debt ratios



⁽¹⁾ Ratios calculated (i) on average balance sheet items for the years 2011 and 2012, (ii) end period balance sheet items for 2013 to reduce the consolidation effect occurred in the period, (iii) based on economic parameters related to 12 months trailing (from July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2013 and from July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014) for 1H 2014



Q&A



Appendix 1H 2014 results by segment



Shipbuilding

Highlights

€ MM	1H 2013	1H 2014
Order intake	1,258	2,396
Backlog	4,803	6,664
Revenues	1,199	1,240
EBITDA	72	80
% on revenues	6.0%	6.4%
Capex	84	37
Ships delivered	6	4 (1)

- 2 large cruise ships for MSC Crociere
- 2 extra-luxury cruise ships for Seabourn Cruise and an undisclosed client
- 2 LCS for the US Navy
- 2 ATB units for Moran Towing
- 4 RBM units for the US Coast Guard
- "Rinascimento" program for MSC Crociere

Comments

- Orders: solid order intake at € 2.4 BN, including 14 new ships
- Revenues: at € 1.2 BN driven by increasing contribution of cruise with a reduction of naval
- EBITDA: slight increase in absolute values to € 80 MM, with margin up at 6.4% due to
 - Higher volumes despite lower activity in the naval business
 - 1H 2013 being negatively affected by low margins of ships on delivery
- <u>Capex</u>: down at € 37 MM back to levels more in line with historical depreciation

Positive cruise market outlook supported by order intake (MSC Project Seaside) and ongoing negotiations

Expected recovery of the naval order intake as the renewal plan for the Italian Navy is finalized



Offshore

Highlights

532	993
1,860	2,608
663	681
77	66
11.6%	9.6%
42	23
13	11
	1,860 663 77 11.6% 42

- 1 Diving Support and Construction Vessel for Technip
- 1 arctic AHTS for Bourbon
- 6 PSVs, of which 2 for Carlotta
 Offshore, 2 for Nordic American
 Offshore and 2 for Mermaid Marine
 Australia
- 1 OSCV for Solstad Offshore
- 2 OSVs and 1 OSCV for Island Offshore
- 1 Offshore Construction and Anchor Handling Vessel for Rem Offshore

Order flow supported by growing and more international client base, but slowdown in new order intake expected compared to exceptional 1H 2014

Improved throughput and productivity development critical to reach production targets at Vard Promar

Comments

- Orders: healthy order intake at € 1 BN bringing backlog up at € 2.6 BN
- Revenues: at € 681 MM up 2.8% vs. 1H 2013 mainly due to full consolidation of VARD and PPA⁽¹⁾ effect for € 15 MM (vs. € 23 MM in 1H 2013) referred to release of provisions accrued at VARD business combination linked with losses on ships under construction in Brazil
- <u>EBITDA</u>: at € 66 MM, with margin at 9.6%, down from 11.6% in 1H 2013, mainly driven by
 - 1H 2013 being positively affected by higher margin orders acquired in 2011/2012
 - 1H 2014 including effects of productivity development hampered by adverse conditions in Brazil, triggering additional costs to mitigate impact on the delivery schedule
- <u>Capex</u>: down at € 23 MM with Vard
 Promar yard finalizing the start-up phase

Equipment, systems and services

Highlights

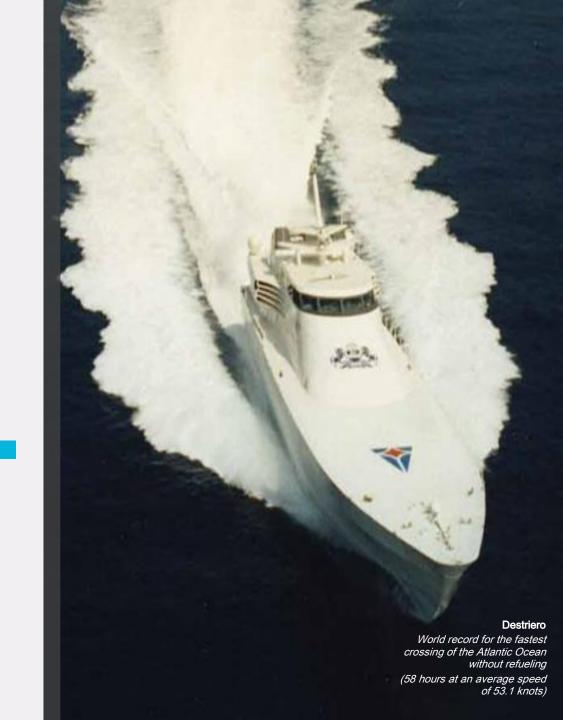
€MM	1H 2013	1H 2014
Order intake	62	119
Backlog	183	304
Revenues	65	86
EBITDA	5	9
% on revenues	8.4%	10.3%
Capex	1	2

Revenues increase expectation confirmed by positive order intake dynamics

Comments

- Orders: good order intake at € 119
 MM, up from € 62 MM in 1H 2013,
 with backlog at € 304 MM
- Revenues: up to € 86 MM, mainly due to the increase of volumes of after sale services for naval vessels following the recent deliveries
- EBITDA: up to € 9 MM, with margin at 10.3%, increasing both in terms of absolute value and % vs. 1H 2013, thanks in particular to higher contribution of after sale services
- Capex: equal to € 2 MM

Financial Appendix



Profit & Loss and Cash flow statement

Profit & Loss statement (€ MM)	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013 ⁽¹⁾	1H 2013 ⁽¹⁾	1H 2014
Revenues	2,380	2,381	3,811	1,894	1,983
Materials, services and other costs	(1,768)	(1,727)	(2,745)	(1,386)	(1,425)
Personnel costs	(458)	(507)	(752)	(369)	(406)
Provisions and impairment losses	(13)	-	(16)	1	(10)
EBITDA	141	147	298	140	142
Depreciation and amortization	(66)	(60)	(89)	(44)	(49)
EBIT	75	87	209	96	93
Finance income / (expense)	(1)	(12)	(55)	(20)	(28)
Income / (expense) from investments	-	1	2	-	1
Income taxes ⁽²⁾	(30)	(32)	(19)	(21)	(18)
Net Income before extraordinary and non recurring items	44	44	137	55	48
Attributable to owners of the parent	43	44	109	42	39
Extraordinary and non recurring items ⁽³⁾	(51)	(41)	(80)	(32)	(21)
Tax effect on extraordinary and non recurring items	16	12	28	10	6
Profit / (loss) for the year	9	15	85	33	33
Attributable to owners of the parent	8	15	57	20	24
Cash flow statement (€ MM)	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	1H 2013	1H 2014
Beginning cash balance	329	387 ⁽⁴⁾	692	692	385
Cash flow from operating activities	150	375	(95)	58	49
Cash flow from investing activities	(68)	(83)	(424)	(298)	(74)
Free cash flow	82	292	(519)	(240)	(25)
Cash flow from financing activities	(24)	13	255	26	105
Net cash flow for the period	58	305	(264)	(214)	80
Exchange rate differences on beginning cash balance	-	-	(43)	(9)	7
Ending cash balance	387 ⁽⁴⁾	692	385	469	472

^{(1) 2013} figures consolidate VARD starting from January 23, 2013 (2) Excluding tax effect on extraordinary and non recurring items (3) Extraordinary and non recurring items gross of tax effect (4) Excluding financial assets held for sale amounting to €45 MM



Net income before extraordinary and non recurring items⁽¹⁾

Net income before extraordinary and non recurring items⁽¹⁾

€ MM	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013 ⁽²⁾	1H 2014
Net profit/(loss) for the year	9	15	85	33
B Extraordinary and non recurring items gross of tax effect	51	41	80	21
 Of which extraordinary wages 	20	19	15	6
 Of which restructuring costs 	20	8	11	2
 Of which asbestos claims 	4	8	24	12
 Of which other non recurring items 	10	9 (3)	22 ⁽⁴⁾	1
Of which non recurring financial costs / (income)	(3)	(3)	8 ⁽⁵⁾	-
C Tax effect on extraordinary and non recurring items	(16)	(12)	(28)	(6)
A + B + C Net income before extraordinary and non recurring items ⁽¹⁾	44	44	137	48
Of which Group	43	44	109	39

- Extraordinary wages costs related to CIGS (Cassa Integrazione Guadagni Straordinaria) for employees in temporary layoff
 - In the last 2 years the number of employees under the scheme was 1,463 in 2012 and 1,139 in 2013
- Restructuring costs extraordinary costs, such as severance, related to workforce reduction under the Reorganization Plan in Italy
- Asbestos claims provisions or costs for asbestos related to claims by employees
- Other non recurring items mainly write-downs and in 2013 VARD acquisition costs
- Non recurring financial costs mainly financial expenses related in 2013 to VARD acquisition



⁽¹⁾ Extraordinary and non recurring items net of tax effect (2) 2013 figures consolidate VARD starting from January 23, 2013

⁽³⁾ Of which €1 MM related to the acquisition of VARD

⁽⁴⁾ Of which €13 MM related to the acquisition of VARD

Balance sheet

Balance sheet (€ MM)	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	1H 2014
Intangible assets	110	104	539	548
Property, plant and equipment	555	585	897	926
Equity investments	16	17	70	76
Other non current assets and liabilities	(50)	(40)	(14)	(17)
Employee indemnity benefit	(65)	(71)	(60)	(60)
Net fixed capital	566	595	1,432	1,473
Inventories	276	273	400	475
Construction contracts net of advances from customers	149	(56)	757	735
Construction loans	-	-	(563)	(607)
Trade receivables	318	268	344	421
Trade payables	(577)	(597)	(911)	(997)
Provisions for other risks and charges	(114)	(101)	(151)	(133)
Other current assets and liabilities	107	116	57	54
Net working capital	159	(97)	(67)	(52)
Net invested capital	725	498	1,365	1,421
Group equity	934	940	968	985
Minority interests	17	17	242	252
Equity	951	957	1,210	1,237
Cash & cash equivalents	(432) ⁽¹⁾	(692)	(385)	(472)
Current financial receivables	(44)	(45)	(52)	(75)
Non-current financial receivables	(17)	(17)	(41)	(15)
Short term financial liabilities	187	149	70	179
Long term financial liabilities	80	146	563	567
Net debt / (Net cash)	(226)	(459)	155	184
Source of financing	725	498	1,365	1,421

⁽¹⁾ Including financial assets held for sale amounting to €45 MM